TEACHER'S GUIDE - TODAY'S ENVIRONMENTAL FABLES

Fable	Characters	Action	Stop and think	Read - ability
#1 Global Pro-Environ- ment Confer- ence	Teddy, Polar Bear, Coyote, Reindeer, Gorilla, Mole, Ostrich, Woodpecker, Eagle, Grasshopper, Beetle, Butterfly, Whale, Sun- fish, Starfish, Tilapia, Slug, Worm	- Our Solutions: *Act to stop global warming *Act to reduce waste *Act to reduce water pollution *Act to stop air pollution *Act to fight climate change	What action can I take? How can I model best practices for others? What can I do to high- light problems and solu- tions?	,
#2 Land Pol- lution Solu- tions	Teddy, Earthworm, Snail, Toad, Turtle, Lizard, Salamander, Cicada, Snake, Crocodile	Problem: land pollution 4R solution: *Reduce waste. *Reuse products. *Recycle plastics, paper, glass, metal. *Restore natural cycles by composting plant residue.	What can I reuse or recycle instead of throwing in the trash? Am I careful not to litter?	5 th gr.
#3 Air Pollution Prevention	Teddy, Fly, Moth, Bumblebee, Locust, Robin, Duck, Pelican, Hawk, Quail, Sea Gull	Problem: air pollution 5R solution: * Reduce use of electricity *Reuse instead of buying new manufactured products. *Recycle instead of putting in trash. * Ride bike or walk instead of driving. *Regularly use eco-friendly products.	Which of my activities pollute the air? What can I do to prevent air pollution?	6 th
#4 Some Water Pollution Solutions	Teddy, Catfish, Bass, Minnow, Trout, Cod and also to Horseshoe Crab, Shark, Starfish, Sturgeon, Salmon	Problem: water pollution 6R solution: *Reduce water-use indoors *Reject chemical products in favor of natural products outdoors. *Release cooking oil or grease into trash. *Recycle motor oil. *Refuse to litter. Pick up litter. *Restore pure water.	How do my usual activities add to water pollution? What can I do to stop water pollution?	5 th

#5 Global	Teddy, Crow, Raven	Problem: global warming	What can I do to stop	8 th
Warming		5R Solution:	global warming? What	
Conclusions		*Reduce use of electricity,	do I reduce, reuse and	
		energy.	recycle? What do I com-	
		*Reuse packaging.	post? What changes do I	
		*Recycle paper, plastic,	make in using energy?	
		glass, metal.		
		*Restore natural cycles by		
		composting plant residue.		
		*Regularly use eco-friendly		
		products.		
#6 Climate	Teddy, Sawyer Habitat	Problem: Climate change	What can I do to stop	6 th
Change	Bear, Dolphin, Moose,	7R solution:	climate change? What	
Affects	Prairie Dog, Snapping	*Reduce use of electricity,	habits can I change?	
Everyone	Turtle	energy and water.		
		*Regularly use eco-friendly		
		products.		
		*Recycle everything		
		possible.		
		*Reuse anything you can.		
		*Ride or walk.		
		*Readily volunteer for com-		
		munity environmental		
		projects.		
		*Restore tree loss by plant-		
		ing a tree.		

Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects

Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical Subjects 6–12 RST Grades 6–8 students:

- 2. Determine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; provide an accurate summary of the text distinct from prior knowledge or opinions.
- 8. Distinguish among facts, reasoned judgment based on research findings, and speculation in a text.

Next Generation Science Standards

5th grade. (5-ESS3-1)

C. Human activities in agriculture, industry, and everyday life have had major effects on the land, vegetation, streams, ocean, air, and even outer space. But individuals and communities are doing things to help protect Earth's resources and environments. (5-ESS3-1)

Middle School. MS ESS3.C: Human Impacts on Earth Systems.

♣ Human activities have significantly altered the biosphere, sometimes damaging or destroying natural habitats and causing the extinction of other species. But changes to Earth's environments can have different impacts (negative and positive) for different living things.

(MS-ESS3-3)

- * Typically as human populations and per-capita consumption of natural resources increase, so do the negative impacts on Earth unless the activities and technologies involved are engineered otherwise. (MSESS3-3),(MS-(ESS3-4) ESS3.D: Global Climate Change
- ♣ Human activities, such as the release of greenhouse gases from burning fossil fuels, are major factors in the current rise in Earth's mean surface temperature (global warming). Reducing the level of climate change and reducing human vulnerability to whatever climate changes do occur depend on the understanding of climate science, engineering capabilities, and other kinds of knowledge, such as understanding of human behavior and on applying that knowledge wisely in decisions and activities.

Science Standards of Learning (SOL)

Earth Resources

- 3.8 The student will investigate and understand that natural events and humans influence ecosystems. Key ideas include
- a) human activity affects the quality of air, water, and habitats;
- b) water is limited and needs to be conserved;
- c) fire, flood, disease, and erosion affect ecosystems; and
- d) soil is a natural resource and should be conserved.
- 6.9 The student will investigate and understand that humans impact the environment and individuals can influence public policy decisions related to energy and the environment. Key ideas include
- a) natural resources are important to protect and maintain;
- b) renewable and nonrenewable resources can be managed;
- c) major health and safety issues are associated with air and water quality;
- d) major health and safety issues are related to different forms of energy;
- e) preventive measures can protect land-use and reduce environmental hazards; and
- f) there are cost/benefit tradeoffs in conservation policies.

Lesson Plans for Today's Environmental Fables

Vocabulary

verb	noun	Noun - person	Adjective/adverb
	environment =condition or influ-	environmentalist	environmental
	ence that affects growth & devel-		environmentally
	opment		,
	ecology = science, relation of living	ecologist	ecological
	things to environment		ecologically
	eco-systems eco-friendly		l congress,
	nature =all animals, plants, other	naturalist	natural/naturally
	things in the world not made by	native	unnatural
	people, all events & processes not		
	caused by people		
	natural resource = air, land, water,		
	plants, animals		
	habitat = place where plant/animal		
	lives in nature		
	habitation		
	human = person, people		
	humanity Habitat for Humanity		
	globe = world, earth		global = world-wide
	global-warming		giobai – worid-wide
	climate= long-term pattern of		climatic
	weather in specific region		Cilifiatio
	climate-change		
pollute = make im-	pollution	polluter	polluted
pure, contaminate	polition	politici	politica
contaminate = make	contamination		contaminated
unfit for use by adding	Contamination		Contaminated
something harmful			
consume = use up	consumption	concumor – norcon	consumable
consume – use up	consumer	consumer = person who buys/uses	Consumable
	Consumer	goods & services	
omit – givo out	emission	goods & services	
emit = give out			wastaful – usa in sara
waste =use/spend	waste = material thrown away		wasteful = use in care-
carelessly/uselessly			less/foolish manner
conserve =keep safe,	conservation		
save	natural resource conservation		
prevent = keep from	prevention		preventable
happening			unpreventable
reduce = make smaller	reduction		reduced
or less			reducible
reuse = use again			reused
			reusable

recycle= reprocess in	recycle	recycler	recycled
order to regain mate-			recyclable
rials for human use			

Prefix + root word	Root word + suffix
re = again	able = can
reuse = use again	recyclable = can be recycled
un = not	ist = person who studies
unnatural = not natural	naturalist = person who studies nature
	er = person who
	consumer = person who consumes/uses

Lesson plans for 6 environmental fables

- 1.Background knowledge. Introduce topic. What do you know about this topic? Why is this a problem? List facts students give.
- 2. Vocabulary. Introduce new vocabulary.
- 3. Reading. Read the fable aloud.
- 4. Comprehension. Discussion:
 - a. Who are the participants? Why were these animals invited to participate?
 - b. Define the problem.
 - c. What are the causes of the problem? Natural? Human-made? List.
 - d. What are some examples of the problem?
 - e. What are some solutions? What can we do? List.
 - f. Compare with background knowledge list.
- 5. Writing. Students make chart. Fill in information after reading and discussion.

Today's Environmental Fables

fable	problem	definition	causes	solutions

6. Application. In small groups: Make illustrations for the fable. Create a cartoon with speech bubble dialog. Make posters. Create a song or chant of solutions. Research one issue from other sources. Answer the 'Stop and Think!' questions in a personal journal.

Environmental problems

Our Solutions:

- *Act to stop global warming
- *Act to reduce waste
- *Act to reduce water pollution
- *Act to stop air pollution
- *Act to fight climate change

Problem: air pollution

6R solution:

- *Reduce use of electricity
- *Reuse instead of buying new manufactured products.
- *Recycle instead of putting in trash.
- *Ride bike or walk instead of driving.
- *Restore carbon dioxide-absorbing trees.
- *Regularly use eco-friendly products.

Problem: global warming

5R solution:

- *Reduce use of electricity, energy.
- *Reuse packaging.
- *Recycle paper, plastic, glass, metal.
- *Restore natural cycles by composting plant residue.
- *Regularly use eco-friendly products.

Problem: land pollution

4R solution:

- *Reduce waste.
- *Reuse products.
- *Recycle plastics, paper, glass, metal.
- *Restore natural cycles by composting plant residue.

Problem: water pollution

6R solution:

- *Reduce water-use indoors
- *Reject chemical products in favor of natural products outdoors.
- *Release cooking oil or grease into trash.
- *Recycle motor oil.
- *Refuse to litter. Pick up litter.
- *Restore pure water.

Problem: climate change

7R solution:

- *Reduce use of electricity, energy and water.
- *Regularly use eco-friendly products.
- *Recycle everything possible.
- *Reuse anything you can.
- *Ride or walk.
- *Readily volunteer for community environmental projects.
- *Restore tree loss by planting a tree.